

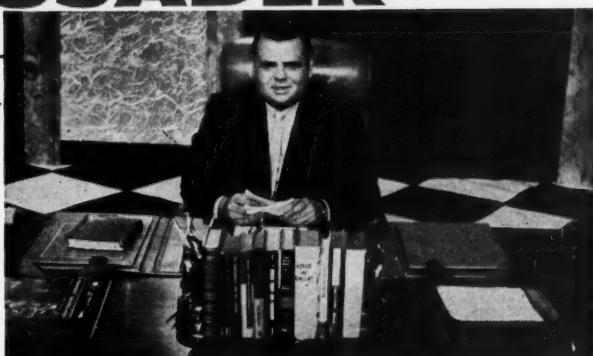
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WEEKLY CRUSADER

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APPEASEMENT DIGS AMERICA'S GRAVE

Destruction of a nation does not necessarily come from an enemy without. Destruction can come just as assuredly from within. History is proving that our Foreign Policy of the past two decades is a major factor in the destruction of the strength of the United States and the Free World.

About 41 years ago, *during 1920*, United States Secretary of State Bainbridge Colby made the following important policy statement reflecting his attitude toward negotiation with the Communist leaders in the Kremlin:

"... The existing regime in Russia is based upon the negation of every principle of honor and good faith ... of every principle upon which it is possible to base harmonious and trustful relations, whether of nations or of individuals. The responsible leaders of the regime have frequently and openly boasted that they are willing to sign agreements and undertakings with foreign powers while not having the slightest intention of observing such undertakings or carrying out such agreements ... we cannot recognize, hold official relations with, or give friendly reception to the agents of a government which is determined and bound to conspire against our institutions; whose diplomats will be the agitators of dangerous revolts; whose spokesmen say that they sign agreements with no intention of keeping them."

We have seen a drastic change in our American policies since Secretary Colby's time. While our policy has changed, *there has been no change whatsoever in the nature or the policy of the International Communist conspiracy.*

COMMUNISTS BREAK ORIGINAL TREATY

In 1933, the United States government accepted the policy that we could carry on mutually profitable relations with the Soviet Government. In the intervening 28 years, American leaders have compromised with Communism on one issue after another. In the agreement of November 16, 1933, wherein the United States granted diplomatic recognition to the Soviet government, Communist leaders agreed to refrain from disseminating Communist propaganda in the United States, from interfering in United States internal affairs, and they made many other pledges. The ink was hardly dry on this agreement before the Communists began their internal subversion within the United States. This agreement meant nothing to the Communists. Subsequent treaties signed with the Soviet Union have been

consistently broken. This clear pattern indicates that the Communist leaders will treat future agreements and treaties with the same disrespect and abandon.

Our United States policy makers have, however, gone beyond the point of depending on negotiations and agreements with Communist leaders. During and since World War II, a futile effort has been made to establish so-called *peaceful relations* with our determined enemy.

The sacrificing of Poland and Czechoslovakia to Stalin did not increase his peaceful intentions toward the United States and other non-Communist nations. In fact, the result was the very opposite. The Satanic Communist dictator simply raised his sights and stirred up a bloody civil war in Greece. He then blockaded West Berlin and invaded Korea. Appeasement of the Communists in China did not stop them; they continued their campaign for the conquest of all Asia after being handed the victory in China.

In addition, we have depended upon the United Nations as an instrument of world peace. While we aspire toward the all-elusive *world peace*, concession after concession has been made to the Kremlin dictators. The main question in our policy of appeasement is — how much or how little shall we concede to the Kremlin conspiracy.

FACTUAL EVIDENCE OF FAILURE

The factual evidence of the total failure of this long-time policy of negotiation with an appeasement of international Communism is naked before the world. During these years of negotiation, appeasement of Communism, and dependence upon the United Nations, the Communist slave empire has grown from 200 million people to over 900 million. Today, they rule close to one half of the world's population. This fact alone proves that Secretary of State Bainbridge Colby was right in 1920 and that those responsible for the tragic departure from his policy have been completely wrong.

At the end of World War II, America was at the height of its military power and the Communists ruled a weak slave empire which we had to equip in World War II. Most of their terrifying expansion has come since the end of World War II.

The Korean War is another classic example of this tragic appeasement policy. In July of 1951, General Ridgeway sent a confidential report to the United Nations setting out documentary and eyewitness evidence to prove that thousands of American soldiers had been murdered or tortured to death by the Communists. The United Nations refused to put the report on the agenda for discussion and ultimately suppressed it. The idea was to avoid offending the Kremlin or the Chinese Communists. Our United States Department went along with this policy.

SPINELESS NEGOTIATION IS COSTLY

In November of 1951, Lieutenant Colonel James Handley, then chief of the War Crimes Section of the 8th Army in Korea, created a stir by telling the press in Korea about evidence that the Communists had murdered approximately 8,000 American prisoners of war. *Colonel Handley was rebuked and transferred.*

Before the truce talks began in Korea, our forces occupied several important islands off the northern coast of Korea. The Communists said they would have to have those islands back before they could talk truce. *We gave them back.* When the truce talks began, our nation sent in fresh soldiers, taking advantage of the lull in fighting. The Communists complained, saying that we should effect no troop rotation during the talks. We accepted Communist-imposed limitations on our troop rotation plans while the Communists continued to bring in fresh troops and supplies as they pleased. Among other blunders, we have encouraged the removal of a powerful friend of the United States in Korea, Syngman Rhee.

General James Van Fleet recognized the error of our appeasement policy and was quoted in the U.S. NEWS AND WORLD REPORT of September 17, 1954 as follows:

"General Van Fleet said that the United Nations 'meekly accepted the fiction that the Chinese were only Chinese volunteers — surely an all-time low in political morality both for the world and in our own American history . . . If we must again send our sons abroad to fight for freedom, I hope they go unshackled, that no appeaser's chains bind their arms behind their backs.'

The visit of Nikita Khrushchev to the United States constitutes another chapter in our appeasement policy. In the Camp David meeting between former President Eisenhower and Khrushchev, the agenda was limited to those items that were suitable to the Soviet dictator. In a meeting such as that between leaders of two different governments, the one side which is permitted to determine the content of the agenda has a considerable advantage in the diplomatic battle.

KREMLIN GIVEN DECIDED EDGE

In all of our dealings with Communist leaders, they have been able to limit discussions to those matters they chose to discuss. Negotiations have been limited to territory and people the Communists desire to bring under their rule. Nations enslaved by Communism are in "peace zones" and therefore not subject to negotiation, according to this Communist concept. There can be no gain for the free world as long as our leaders accept this false concept. The Kremlin's only concessions are their lying promises to refrain from some act of military aggression.

(See "APPEASEMENT" on Page 7)

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FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE DIGEST

SECTION

An impartial analysis of political, economic and military events in the critical areas of the world, derived from confidential sources, with emphasis on facts that have not been made public. Editor: Major General C. A. Willoughby, U.S.A. Ret. Writer. Publisher. Lecturer. MacArthur's Chief of Intelligence 1939-1951. Washington Representative Christian Crusade.



TUNISIA, ALGIERS AND COEXISTENCE

by SAINT PAULINE, PARIS

THE UNITED NATIONS

RUNNING TRUE TO FORM

On August 25th, 1961, by 66 votes in favor and 30 "abstentions," the United Nations "Extraordinary Assembly" directed France "to withdraw her armed forces from the Tunisian territory," i.e., to evacuate the naval base of Bizerte.

On the previous day, the Red Cuban delegate, Garcia Inchaustegui, declared before the same assembly that "*French imperialism in Bizerte was following the same course as U.S. imperialism in Guantanamo.*" As for President Habib Bourguiba of Tunisia, he had officially admitted that "*Tunisian forces, on August 19th, attacked the French positions.*" His justification? — "*In Bizerte, we are on our own soil.*" Presumably then, the vast extent of East Sahara is also Tunisian and so are, naturally, the French oil wells at Edjele. Thus we have the spectacle of Tunisian and Algerian rebels wrangling over the oil reserves which the French have explored geologically, the industrial installations, pipelines and roads which they have built and financed in the desert. *Unfortunately, no civilized country has as yet included among its laws a definition of the right of ownership which will protect it against international thievery.*

Common sense and equity rebel at the suffocating "dual standard" of United Nations "voting," the impact of political duplicity on the fortunes of the United States, viz:

- i. The U.S. spends billions on foreign bases in the framework of Western defense. Bizerte is such a base, on the southern flank of NATO.
- ii. The U.N. votes to deprive the West of these bases.
- iii. Tunisia joins Red Cuba in proposals that can only benefit the Kremlin.
- iv. The U.N. is completely indifferent to prop-

erty values — the line of demarcation between Communism and Capitalism.

THE SUICIDAL WEST:

TWENTIETH CENTURY IDIOCY

A few months ago, the illusion prevalent among obstinate but naive Western statesmen was that Bourguiba would be the founder of a "*Great Maghreb*," intent on cooperating with the West and particularly with France. There was no substance in this idea and we did not hide our skepticism when the little Tunisian dictator was made welcome by de Gaulle and other leaders of the free world. Bourguiba dreamed of himself as Hannibal, Robespierre and Mussolini combined and his attitude at the Belgrade conference should serve to dissipate all Western illusions.

If Bizerte is still (*for the time being*) a Western naval base, we owe it solely to the French paratroopers. It is one of the many paradoxes created by our muddle-headed political thinking that the commanders of these men are now in jail in France for having tried to keep not only Bizerte but also Algiers and Oran — the Mers-el-Kebir naval base — for the West.

Recent developments in North Africa can only be understood against the insidious background of the Algerian rebel army: it would have been unsafe for Bourguiba in Tunisia, as well as for Hassan II in Morocco, to refrain from aligning their policies with that of the Algerian rebels who have been built up as a strong military factor. To remain but one step behind the G.P.R.A. (Provisional Government of the Algerian Republic) is a luxury neither of them can afford.

THE AFRICAN FIDEL CASTRO

Now, the new head of the G.P.R.A. is a Communist stooge, Ben Khedda, specially appointed by the "*Communist International*," and particularly the Chinese Party, to replace Ferhat Abbas who has both Western training and a semblance of political conservatism.

This is a consequence of the Evian and Lugrin conferences, during which the French allowed themselves to be ridiculed and bullied by the representatives of that small gang of Algerian assassins who call themselves "patriots" (an accepted U.N. cliche). Soviet strategists rightly conclude from this new show of weakness that the "soft" Ferhat Abbas could now be removed from the scene so that a "harder" man could handle the next stage of operations against the fatuous West.

Ben Khedda is an Arab Fidel Castro. In 1956 and 1957 he headed the terrorist organization in Algiers. Tracked down by General Massu, he escaped to Tunisia and from this "sanctuary" proceeded to contact various Sections of the Communist International. In Peking, he concluded a series of agreements with Mao Tse-Tung whereby Red China has undertaken to supply materiel, arms, munitions and "volunteers" to the Algerian "fellagans." Such is the new chief (his official title is "president") of Algerian terrorism.

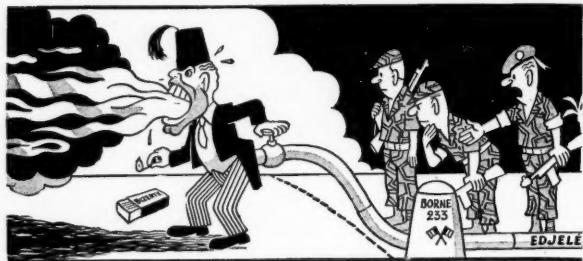
He himself has summed up his political program in one short sentence: "We intend to negotiate — with machine-guns." This echoes Mao Tse-Tung's declarations.

Before the Melun, Evian and Lugrin conferences, rebel troops in North Africa had finally been reduced to a precarious tactical situation. The truce imposed by de Gaulle gave them a welcome respite during which they have reorganized their forces and coordinated their actions. France must now hold two fronts, one in Algeria not to mention the Moroccan frontier which has to be closely watched. So what does the French government do? It withdraws two divisions from Algeria, and sends one battalion to Berlin! It is at this juncture that President de Gaulle has elected to declare, in a press conference at the Elysee (September 5th), *bis final lack of interest in any further collaboration between the French and Moslems in Algeria.*

ALGIERS AND THE BATTLE OF BERLIN

Regarding Berlin, de Gaulle made the pertinent remark that "*in dealing with an ambitious imperialism, any step you take backward is an invitation to the aggressor to take one forward.*" But failing to see that the same ambitious imperialism and aggressor is at work in North Africa as well as in Berlin, he took not one but two steps backwards by admitting the principle of an impossible "self-determination" for both Algeria and the Saharan territory. Numerous Senators like Maroselli, Guy Petit, Marcilhacy, several Deputies, among them Marcais and Lauriol, have not hesitated to voice indignation at these new concessions to the G.P.R.A.: "*Such deliberate ignorance of Algerian realities,*" (declared Deputy Lauriol in "*Le monde*") "*is destroying what years of suffering, sacrifices and devotion had accomplished. It will plunge Algeria in a chaos more*

bloody than any she has ever known. Will eyes open in time to see the catastrophe now in preparation for Algeria and ultimately for Europe and the free world?" It is now common knowledge that General de Gaulle only ordered the Bizerte operation because he feared another uprising in the Army.



A Fiery Orator: President Habib Bourguiba of Tunisia One French paratrooper to the others (behind the frontier separating Tunisia from the French Sahara): "You know, I think it is the Sahara Oil that has gone to his head." (Carrefour. Paris)

It is not only the Sahara oil reserves which are now threatened from Algiers and Bizerte. Whatever their importance, they are a minor interest of strategy. Years ago the "Foreign Intelligence Digest" demonstrated how Soviet strategy proceeds in vast "encircling movements which outflank the West."

What is now left of a free Europe is in the semi-final stage of being outflanked in the South by way of the Middle East and North Africa through Bizerte, Algiers and Oran. The fight for Berlin should also be fought in these three cities: if they fall to Communism tomorrow, Berlin would fall of itself — and then Paris, Brussels, Rome, and Amsterdam.

It is fatuous to believe that we are facing a series of separate, unrelated problems in the world: one in Berlin, one in Bizerte, one in Algiers; that there is a Castro problem, a Quadros problem, a Sekoë-Ture or a N'Krumah problem.

There is only one centralized, global problem before the free world: to be or not to be Communist. Unfortunately it has to be solved by Western powers at variance with each other and internally weakened by utopic or childish concepts.

COEXISTENCE AND INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITIONS

The hazardous moment when Mr. K. is brandishing his atomic bombs is perhaps the best to examine a particularly striking instance of western "aberration" and of Gaullist "leniency towards Communism." By agreement between the Soviet and French governments, a "French Exhibition" was opened last August in Moscow, in Sokolniki Park and a "Soviet Exhibition" was inaugurated in September in Paris, at the Porte de Versailles.

The Moscow exhibition took place under humiliating conditions for the French. The Soviet Government first set a limit to the number of visitors: no more than fifty thousand a day, a figure which was raised to seventy-five thousand after long discussions but with certain conditions attached: *sixty-five thousand admission tickets would be bought by the authorities but only ten thousand tickets could be bought freely at the entrance.* The tickets acquired by the Soviet Government were distributed to selected members of the Communist Party. French books and publications were examined and censored beforehand; the works of numerous French writers, although definitely "leftist," were found dangerous and withdrawn from the exhibition, their sale or publication in the USSR prohibited.

No mention, reproduction, comment or posters were permitted of any figures, statistics, profiles, diagrams, etc., relating to the French worker's standard of living, his wages, social benefits, way of life, working conditions, etc., so that no suggestive comparison with his own lot could be made by Soviet workers. Visitors received leaflets at the entrance containing the callous lie that the clothes worn by French employees and workers at the exhibition had been lent to them by their government and would have to be returned when they returned. This cynical deception backfired in a few cases where Russian workers, commiserating with the French about their clothes, were greeted with huge laughter. A few hours before the opening, price tags had to be taken off every single article. The French Government accepted every one of these "coexistential" dictates.

In Paris, however, the Soviets exhibited what they pleased, as they pleased. Their misleading displays went totally uncriticized. Tickets were bought freely, in unlimited numbers. Not one single Communist book or publication was censored and innumerable newspapers, magazines, books and leaflets extolling the marvels of Communism, the freedom, progress and happiness brought about by Soviet rule were sold, with the help of propaganda, lavishly organized by the French Communist Party. In President de Gaulle's name, Messrs. Jeanneney and Missoffe expressed their complete satisfaction with this state of affairs and, in the presence of Soviet Ambassador Vinogradov, declared that "Paris and France had been impatiently awaiting this exhibition and that their citizenry would come in great numbers to visit it."

Thus at the very moment when France is doubly threatened by Communism, outside and inside her frontiers, over forty years of political crimes were officially forgotten. *The murderers of the Imperial Russian family, the executioners, tormentors and terrorists of St. Petersburg, the Ukraine, the Baltic republics, Poland, Hungary, Germany, Rumania, Indochina and Algeria exhibited their spurious wares in Paris and were official-*

ly congratulated. Meanwhile Mr. K., after walking through the conveniently censored French Exhibition in Moscow, declared on his way out: "It is necessary that friendship between the USSR and France be as close and active as it was in 1944, when we were Allies against Hitler."

COEXISTENCE IN 1944

In 1944 General de Gaulle was surrounded by Communists: Maurice Thorez was Vice-Premier, "Comrades" Tillon, Marcel Paul, Billoux, Croizat and Grenier were Ministers of State. There is the kind of government that Khrushchev naturally wishes France to have — in other words, a new "Popular Front" led by the Communists.

But equally significant is a growing disillusionment of the French with the policies of their President: for the second time in nine months, an attempt has been made to assassinate General de Gaulle on the road from Paris to Colombey. Such a crime must naturally be disavowed. Yet it should be borne in mind that ever since the Algiers uprising in April, dozens of bombs, hand grenades and explosive "plastic" charges are set off every day in France and in Algeria. Only one out of two or three of these crimes are ever reported officially. A dangerous pre-revolutionary situation now exists in France, where it has become evident that arrests, destitutions and jail sentences have not deterred the nationalists from pursuing their fight for a French Algeria. Nor is it doubtful that they do so with the sympathy, often bordering on complicity, of an important fraction of French public opinion both in the Metropolis and in Algeria.

Saint-Paulien — Paris

THE BERLIN CRISIS: WHAT DOES KHRUSHCHEV WANT?

MANUILSKI'S TIME TABLE: IS IT VALID?

We are in the presence of a diplomatic offensive directed by the Kremlin, in which the Berlin crisis is only a fragment of a global design that runs from Cuba to the Congo, from Laos to Belgrade. The selection of the year 1961 is suggestive in itself. There was a Berlin crisis in 1948. Stalin precipitated it boldly and resolutely although the West, i.e. the U.S., had a clear nuclear superiority (which has been lost in the meantime.) A clue may be found in a sinister statement by one of the Kremlin's better known brain-trusters, Dmitry Manuilski, in 1931:

"War to the hilt between Communism and Capitalism is inevitable. Today we are not strong enough. Our time will come in 20 or 30 years . . .

"The 'bourgeoisie' will have to be put to sleep. So we will launch the most spectacular peace movement on record."

"The 'capitalists,' stupid and decadent, will rejoice to co-operate in their own destruction. They will leap at another chance to be friends."

Manuilski's time table seems to be on schedule? In 1950 (his 20 year prognostication) the Kremlin precipitated the Sino-Korean War. The West failed to meet the challenge, though in that year we still had a comfortable edge in nuclear weapons. Now we have reached Manuilski's second stage, the 30 year stage and the year is 1961. Khrushchev did launch a "peace-movement." He called for absolute disarmament (but on his terms). When this did not materialize, he went into high-gear nuclear blackmail, a campaign of "Megaton" terror and intimidation. He wants another "Summit."

WHAT PRICE SUMMIT MEETINGS WITH THE KREMLIN?

The intrinsic value of "summit" meetings with the slippery Communists can be ascertained by simple historical recollections. In the last 25 years, the United States has had an aggregate of 3400 "meetings" with the Communists, including Teheran, Yalta, Potsdam, Panmunjom and Geneva.

The "negotiators" spoke 106,000,000 words representing about 700 standard printed volumes.

This nauseating "talk-fest" led to 52 major diplomatic agreements. Soviet Russia has already broken or violated 50 of them. It is boring to quote Lenin: "Promises are like pie-crusts — made to be broken."

This frightful situation, of course, was not brought about of Manuilski's wishful thinking. The West "co-operated mightily in its own destruction." Indeed, the Western "bourgeoisie" was " lulled to sleep."

Your editor has appeared before several Congressional Committees to testify on the strategic position of the United States. In highly condensed form, I pointed to an unmistakable sequence of "cause and effect" for the current diplomatic and military impasse, viz:

(1) Panicky demobilization of the West in 1945.

(2) Myopic acquiescence while Russia continued to arm to the teeth.

(3) Failure of Western Europe to maintain peace-time armaments.

(4) Fatuous reliance on a supposedly "exclusive" atomic deterrent.

(5) Failure of security services to protect Western nuclear secrets.

(6) Jurisprudential softness toward Communist traitors inside the nations.

(7) Conspiratorial silence on the weakening NATO shield.

Since 1948, all NATO Commanders have requested more divisions for the central European front; in 1950 they called for 90 Divisions, they trimmed this figure each year although the Russian menace increased rather than abated; in 1958 Norstad finally settled for 30 Divisions (an aviator's estimate) which is obviously not enough, possibly sufficient for a rear-guard action while in full retreat toward Spain and the Pyrenees. The potential of a "blitzkrieg" Russian invasion of central Europe cannot be shrugged off. By any professional standard, the discrepancy between Russian and NATO "ready divisions" is overwhelming and violates basic principles of war that are taught in staff colleges of every modern Army: the principles of "Mass": Russian concentrations in Poland and East-Germany; and "Objective": Berlin-Frankfurt-Paris.

THE DECLINE OF THE WEST

In the apathy of the West, we have the conflict of "butter versus guns," the British are a flagrant example (though they can be said to have triggered both World Wars I and II). In their 1956 defense expenditures of approximately \$4 billion, the British spent an equal figure for purely welfare items (and cut their income taxes, too!) In that year, the United States spent ten times that amount in the defense of essentially alien areas. As regards the British "welfare State," free glasses and dentures will not stop the Cossack on the move. I invite our readers' attention to the table below with the shocking implication that the European performance of 1960 runs from 7% to 25% of a mobilization effort, in time of peace, notwithstanding the fact of the deadliest international menace in recorded history — the march of the Communist tyranny.

THE DECLINE IN WESTERN ARMAMENTS

Ready Divisions from 1914-1959

REC. COUNTRY	WWI	WWII	1928	1957	1959	PCT.
1 Benelux	18	22	17	4.5	4.5	25%
2 United States	34	79	12	5	5	50%
3 United Kingdom	89	49	23	4.5	4	20%
4 France	118	90	30	5	2	7%
5 Germany	228	190	10	3	7	70%
6 Italy	45	50	28	8	8	28%
7 Spain	25	25	11	11	11	100%
Russia	225	225	-	175	175	-

Compared with the output in the 1928 column, the percentage performance for 1959 (last column) is totally inadequate.

Against this background, the time appears ripe for the Russians to force a "showdown." The Kremlin's global offensive is for the purpose of retaining the "loot" acquired with the help of Hitler (Poland and the Baltic States) plus the "loot" handed over to them at

(See "BERLIN" on Page 8)

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"APPEASEMENT" (*Continued from Page 2*)

A classic example of this *peace zone* concept can be found in the Berlin problem. All of the discussions and proposed negotiations concern *West Berlin*, not *East Berlin*. The Communists continue to hold firm in their demands while leaders of the West have granted concessions, even though those concessions are not yet enough to satisfy the Communists. They will not be enough until the concessions are such that will enable the Communists to enslave the people of *West Berlin*.

During his interview with Averil Harriman in the summer of 1959, Nikita Khrushchev bluntly told Mr. Harriman that he was "determined to liquidate the occupation status of Berlin," that the Communists would never agree to our terms, and that "unified Germany will be socialist (meaning Communist) or there will be none."

In June, the New York HERALD TRIBUNE reported on the Kennedy-Khrushchev meeting in Vienna as follows:

"Nikita S. Khrushchev told President Kennedy at the Summit in Vienna last week . . . that as far as the Soviet Premier was concerned, not a single East-West issue was open to negotiation . . . At one point during the Summit encounter, as the talks moved along with neither side making any headway, Khrushchev was asked if there was not at least one single question on which the Soviet position was open to negotiate or modification."

Khrushchev's reply was, of course, a flat "No!"

VALUABLE LESSONS NEVER LEARNED

Experience is a good teacher and some of our best lessons are learned in this expensive manner. However, this obviously does not hold true in Washington. Senator Mike Mansfield, the Senate Majority leader, has urged that Berlin be made a free city under international guarantees and protection. His recommended appeasement would mean the eventual loss of Berlin and its people to the Communist slave empire.

In spite of strong words to the contrary, appeasement continues in the shocking Cuban situation. Our leaders are committing massive appeasement by knuckling under to the Communist conspiracy's demands of "hands off Cuba." This demand has increased in intensity ever since Castro and his Communists took over Cuba, by the Kremlin, and by their fifth-column traitors inside this nation.

If we do nothing about Cuba, 90 miles from our shores, we accept a grave defeat for the American people and a shocking advance for international Communism. If the Communists are allowed to retain Cuba and place the Cuban people in total chains and

slavery, the virus of Communism will spread throughout Latin America. It has already made extensive advances.

The end result is clear. America will eventually be surrounded, not by the strength of the Communists, but by the weakness of our groveling appeasers. In Cuba the Communist conspiracy is building missile bases and other forces for the final assault on the United States of America, if such military action is needed. The Communists have high hopes that America is rotting from within to fall into their hands like they predicted it will.

COMMUNISTS VALUE APPEASEMENT

Our appeasement policy seems of little importance to our leaders. But it is not unimportant to the Kremlin itself nor her fifth-column right here in the United States. In a report to the National Secretary of the Communist Party, U.S.A. on June 25, 1960, Gus Hall was jubilant because, as he put it: "U.S. imperialism has retreated and will be forced to retreat further . . ."

To emphasize that victory was becoming theirs, conspirator Hall said:

"Are not the recent developments in South Korea, Turkey, and South Vietnam, Cuba, and the Congo all pointing in the same direction?"

We must concede that Gus Hall has a point. The tragedy is that we have invited these failures by our own appeasement policy.

HITLER VS. THE KREMLIN

To show the contrast between our attitude toward the Kremlin conspiracy (to whom we are losing) and to the Hitler regime (over which we were victorious) we reprint the following from the May-June, 1960 issue of a refugee publication known as "A.B.N. Correspondence, Monthly Bulletin of the Anti-Bolshevik Bloc of Nations":

Let us for a few minutes turn back to the year 1939 and ask ourselves—would the West have won the war against Hitler, if years before the said war—

1) The democratic press of the West had made a big publicity for the National Socialist "Reich?" If it had been full of praise for the "gigantic achievements" of science under Hitler's regime, for the mighty strength of Hitler's army and navy, for the high cultural level of the universities in Hitlerist Germany?

If the radio and the television in the West had depicted and propagated the paradisiac life in the mighty "Reich?"

2) If the hundreds and thousands of pilgrims to the capital of the "Reich" and, on their return, affirmed that "Everything was better" there than here?

3) If most of the Western press had kept silent about the concentration camps under Hitler's regime

and about the activity of the Gestapo? If the peoples subjugated by the "Reich" had been stamped as enemies of peace and opponents of a peaceful coexistence with Hitler?

4) If the universities of the West, for the sake of enlightening young students, had invited members of the Hitlerist embassies to act as lecturers and extol the Hitler regime to the students?

5) If the West for various legal reasons had tolerated a whole crowd of Hitler's spies in the midst, or even "sympathizers" with National Socialism, namely in high political posts?

6) If the West had tolerated legal National Socialist parties with their "Koran" ("My Struggle") in its midst, and the members of these parties had legally made a pilgrimage to their Mecca, namely to Berlin, to receive detailed instructions there as to how they must act in order to gradually reduce their native country to the rank of a satellite province of the great "Reich?" And by making use of the democratic freedoms, to attack the said democracy at a favorable opportunity and strangle all freedom there?

7) If the capitals of the free West had, one after another, solemnly welcomed their "Loyal Friend" Adolph Hitler, accompanied by Himmler, immediately after he had, for instance, promised all the peoples of the Commonwealth outside Europe, or all the non-European parts of France, Holland or Belgium his wholehearted support in their fight with the West, but, on the other hand, had promised the West, in the course of ceremonious banquets in his honour, to become the grave-digger of their reactionary capitalist and colonialist system?

IF HITLER DURING THE YEARS PRIOR TO 1939 HAD DONE ALL THIS AND THE WEST TOLERATED OR HAD EXTOLLED HIS CONDUCT, would the latter have been able to win World War II?

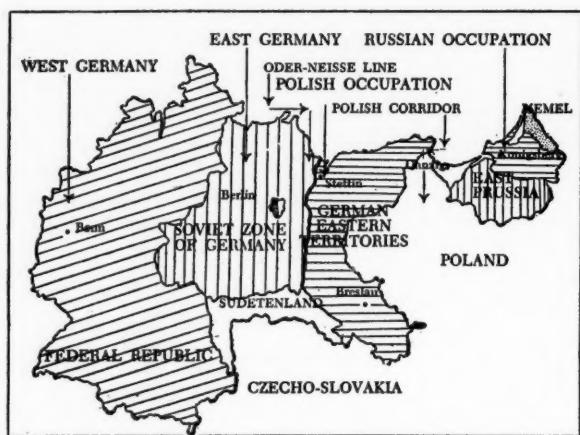
"BERLIN" (Continued from Page 6)

Yalta and Potsdam. Khrushchev wants acceptance of the "status quo." He wants to have his cake, eat and digest it. He wants surrender. Behind this acquiescence, the Kremlin anticipates even more important gains: the collapse of smouldering resistance by captive, sullen millions whose only hope has been the West. Hobnobbing with the Kremlin (as at Geneva) has immediate repercussions from Warsaw to Sin-Kiang. Surrender, too, is an old story: England precipitated World War II over the Polish "corridor" (loot of Versailles) and then acquiesced cynically in Russian seizure of Eastern

Poland, to be "compensated" by slices of mutilated Germany.

The Czechs went unchallenged in the brutal expulsion of 3,000,000 Sudeten Germans in 1948 and the confiscation of every stick and stone of their properties.

The post-war division (mutilations) of Germany and Korea are expected to be "legalized" and become permanent. The "summit" is expected to devise some "face-saving" formula.



EVIDENCE IN POLISH CHANNELS: KRUSHCHEV'S OBJECTIVES

The exile Polish newspaper "Narodowiec," which appears in France and which so far indulged in an incessant campaign devoted to conjure up an alleged "German danger," now for the first time came out with a more realistic commentary. Referring to the "Berlin crisis," the paper stated that Soviet Minister, President Khrushchev, was pursuing the objective of discrediting the United States as well as the other member countries of NATO and of subjecting them to ridicule by way of demonstrating the superior strength of Soviet power. Through this method also the Federal Republic of Germany was to be intimidated and to be induced, at the same time, to turn toward the East. If this plan would prove to be successful, the further conquest of the World by Communism would be greatly facilitated; for the European outpost of the West would then disintegrate by itself. After that, the United States would be pushed back to its continent and deprived of its world markets so that the outcome would be a gigantic economic crisis; as an alternative, only an atomic war would be possible. The "battle for Berlin," thus, had to be regarded as an "extraordinarily important objective" for Khrushchev. The West should "become aware of this reality" and should not close its eyes to this increasing danger.

(Paris: E.P.S.)

October 13, 1961